

2010
3

MAKARIOTAPON ARCHIEPISKOPON MAKARION PROEDRON KYPRIAKIS
DIMOKRATIAS LEFKOSIAN

PANIGIRIKI ANANHOSSIS ENTOIIS KYPRIAKOU HELLENISMOU OPOS
SYNECHISSETE CHEIRIZOMENOS TYCHAS TOU ENAROFOTISE PANELEINION
STOP APO LOGON APODORIS SAS IDIAITEROS PREPEI YPOGRANULISTI
EPIGRAMMATIKI FRASSIS ENOTIKI EINAI OLOI OI ELLINES
KYPRIOI POU APORELEI ENYSEMANTON DIAMIRIKIN PROS OLAS
TAS KAMEPTHEIHSIS KAI APOKLEISI KATHE HTHELIMENHN H MH EXKE
PROSPATHRIAN DIABREVLGSSSOS IOTHEON KYPRIAKOU LACU KAI IGESSIAS
TOU STOP PREPEI NA EKARTHEI EPISSIS PARATHEIHSIS SAS OTI
"O PATRIOTISMOS DEN ECHEI DIAZYGION APO PASA DOSSEIN
LOGIKIS" KAI DEN MPOREI LICHENOS NA AGHOEI AMELIKTOUS
DIETHEIHS PRAGMATIKOTITAS STOP SIMERON PERISSOTHEON APO
POTE ALLOTE EPIBALLETAI SYMPOSSIS KYPRIAKOU HELLENISMOU
PROS DIAPHYLAXIN YPOSTASSEOS TOU KAI APOKLEISMOS PABIS
DIBOROLAS STOP PROSFYGI EIS BIAN KAI ABELFOTOTOS SPARAGNOS
ODIGISSI ADAPKTOS EIS ERENIKIN SYMFORAN STOP APO MARTION
1970 EPESSEINATA KON KINHTHON KAI PROEPEI EIS ELLISIN PROS
OLOUS DIA TIN APOBOVISEI TOU ADIASCRIBAS DIA PROSOPIRAS KY
SYNEPRIAS STOP SYNEPTIS PROS APOPEIIS MOU APTAS EYCHOMAI
KAI HLEPIO OPOS NEA SAS PROEDRIA KE TIN SYNERGASIAN OLOH
TON YPEPTHOS SKEPHOMEZON KYPRION EPITICHI TIN KALLITERAN
DYNATHI SIMERON DIASPALISIN YPOSTASSEOS KAI SYMPEBONTON
KYPRIAKOU HELLENISMOU STOP DICHI EYTHEIS OS PANELETHEI
AZIMIOS SIMERINI DIETHEIHS KRISIS OUDENIA SYRAPAI NA YPARXEI
ANPHIBOLIA DIA TELIKON TURIAMBON AGOROS KYPRION STOP
IOANNIS ZIGDIS

9.2. 1973

Press Intelligence, Inc.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20001

Front Page	Editor Page	Circular Page
------------	-------------	---------------

AUSTIN, TEX.
AMERICAN
M - 48,058
AMERICAN-STATESMAN
S - 76,680

NOV 30 1973

Ex-Greek Minister Attacks Generals

ATHENS, Greece (AP) — A former Greek government Minister accused his new military masters Thursday of spending "to keep the people enslaved forever."

Greece's struggle for liberty will continue, said former Industry Minister Ioannis Zizis, who was a cabinet member before the military snatched power from civilians in 1967.

Zizis's comments, in a statement distributed to foreign newsmen, was the first open attack by a politician on the generals who overthrew President George Papadopoulos, the 1967 coup-maker.

The generals glided into

power without violence last Sunday.

Zizis's slip at the new regime came a day after the ruling generals warned that opponents would be "pushed aside without hesitation."

"Expectations that the dictatorship would be abolished ... have unfortunately been dashed by the government's policy statement," Zizis said.

His statement said in part:

"The Greek people expected to hear only two things from the new military government: encouragement ridding it of its chains and the exact date for free elections as well as definite measures to ensure this.

"The officers have only one duty ... to restrict themselves to their mission and place themselves under the orders and control of a government elected freely by the sovereign people."

Editorials

Will Democracy Revisit Greece?

UNLESS PRESIDENT PAPADOPOULIS is a politician of boundless artifice and unlimited duplicity, the misnamed Republic of Greece, which he established by decree four months ago, is rocketing away from repressive military dictatorship toward bona fide democracy.

In the wake of a general amnesty under which he released hundreds of political prisoners, he has now asked and received resignations from his entire, largely military, cabinet, has appointed a civilian as Prime Minister, and has ordered him to form a new cabinet and bring about "impeccable elections" at an early date.

THE NEW PRIME MINISTER, Spyros Marzekinis, leader of the small Progressive party, has by letter expressed confidence in the President's desire to set up a new political system and create a "democracy founded on the unshakable foundation which combines the forgetting of the past together with a creative view of the Greek future . . . through objectively genuine elections as soon as possible."

This confidence was no doubt buttressed by the fact that Papadopoulos, who constitutionally remains in complete control of the government until a parliament has actually been elected, voluntarily surrendered important authority to the new Prime Minister, including foreign affairs and control of the purse strings for national defense and public order.

NONE THE LESS, the nation's former political leaders are dubious and are withholding judgment until they hear what Marzekinis has to say and see what he can do. One such leader, Ioannis Zigdis, has flatly asserted that appointment of a civilian Prime Minister is a political ploy "to give greater credibility to the military regime's attempt to appear disguised as a democracy."

Wherever the truth may lie, Papadopoulos has now moved the six-year-old military dictatorship persuasively away from the repressions, cruelties, and torturous tyrannies that have brought down worldwide protest and condemnation.

